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ANSWER

TO

Certain Passages

IN

Mr. W while 's PREFACE

TOHIS

EDITION of Shakespear,

Together with

Some REMARKS

ONTHE

MANYERRORS

AND

FALSE CRITICISMS

INTHE

WORK ITSELF.

LONDON:

Printed for H. CARPENTER, in Fleet-Street, 1748.

[Price Six-pence.]

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I N

Mr. W----'s PREFACE, &c.



URNING over lately the Preface to Mr. W's Edition of Shakespear, I cou'd not but be offended at his making so free

with the Character of an honourable Gentleman who deferved much better of him A than than foul Words and Misrepresentations: But this Way of Writing is so familiar to Mr. W. that it is no Wonder he has fallen into it here, facrificing, according to his Custom, Truth and good Manners to his unreasonable Passions and Selffufficiency. It is not fitting, however, his Scurrility and Insolence should pass unregarded; or that the World should be ignorant of the Cause of all this Outrage and Ill-treatment. Sir T. H. the Gentleman above hinted at, with whom Mr. W. has held a Correspondence on this Subject, was defirous of feeing published as handsome and correct an Edition of Shakespear, and withal at as easy a Rate to the Publick as possible: Mr. W. on the contrary, was for making a Profit of it to himself; and, either from a Thirst of Gain, or from a Motive of Vanity, was for fwelling the Edition with his own wild Conceits and injudicious Reflections: This Sir T. wou'd never confept to; and hence all Mr. W's Malice, which he foon after difplay'd in that

that ingenious memorable Note of his, tack'd to Mr. Pope's last Book of the Dunciad :- Mr. Pope's Quarrel to Sir T. was, that he prefumed to republish an Author which had before passed through his Hands, and Mr. W's, that he should do it without his Farticipation. honourable Gentleman, however, perfifting in it, Mr. W. demanded back his Letters; and in this he acted very wifely; for I am told in them he has been as lavish in his Flatteries and Encomiums upon Sir T's Talents, as he has fince been in his ungentlemanlike Reflections; and it wou'd by no Means have look'd well to have been found contradicting himfelf. Whatever was Mr. W's Opinion of Sir T. I have good reason to believe that Gentleman's of him was always one and the same; for he ever esteemed him to be as indifferent a Critick as he has proved himself a Reasoner in his other Works; and was often heard to fay, "The only Use he cou'd find in Mr. W. " was, in starting the Game; he was " not A 2

"not to be trufted in running it down." So that if he ever made use of any other Emendations of Mr. Ws, than fuch as had before appear'd in Print, (which I apprehend every Man has a Right to) I am persuaded they were only those which happened to correspond with his own; for he not only approved of few or none of what Mr. W. had fent him, but was very much upon his Guard in this Particular, after Mr. W. had called for his Letters, well knowing this Gentleman's Propenfity to Abuse, -which he had exercifed so liberally upon other Occasions. - So much for the plain Matter of Fact, which it is but just the Publick should be informed of, that they may be able to pass a proper Judgment on Mr. W's Conduct in this Matter: In Confirmation of it, I shall beg Leave to subjoin a Letter from a very candid as well as ingenious Critick, which tends not only to justify Sir T. but undeceive Mr. W. likewise, by giving him to understand, that whatever he may think of himself.

himself, the World is not so universally agreed as he imagines, in subscribing to his critical Merits; and that he is so far from having improved upon the former Editions of Shakespear, that he has in Truth alter'd many Things for the Worse; and added others that no Man in his Senses can ever think of admiting:

SIR.

I HAVE lately received Mr. W's Shakespear, and am very angry at his Treatment of Sir T. H. — Had any of Sir T's Friends as inexorable Resentments as Mr. W. he has certainly given great Room for Payment in kind; for I believe I cou'd myself publish, in a few Weeks, an Octavo of Mr. W's Mistakes, together with his Want of Candour, in passing over, without Notice, some of the best Emendations of Sir T. — This is not at present my Province; but I shall endeavour, sometime or other, to set Sir T's Character in a true Light, and

and shall observe how much the Name of Critick has been brought into Contempt, by that rough, unmannerly, abufive Stile, which the Moderns have almost all dealt in, and which Sir T. of all Men living, was best qualified utterly to have expelled from the Regions of Criticism: - That Mr. Pope was extremely to blame for his Resentment to Sir T. fince the latter's greatest Fault was paying too great a Deference to the Authority of his Edition; and that Mr. W's arose only from Sir T's Desire of obliging the Publick with a beautiful Edition of his favourite Author, the Expence of which he generously bore a great Part of himself: It is true he might, perhaps, make use of some of Mr. W's Emendations, which the latter looks on as an Invafion of his Property: But how could it be avoided? Ought he not to have inferted what he thought the true Reading in every Paffage, by whomfoever it had been communicated? Unless therefore, Sir, T. had been engaged by ProPromise to him, to let him have a Profit from the Edition, which is not pretended, I cannot see that his Conduct deserves any thing from the Publick, but Gratitude for his Generosity. — Before I quit this Subject I shall trouble you with two or three of the many Instances I have collected of Mr. W's bad Taste and Judgment: They are taken from the Midsummer Night's Dream; but I can assure you all the rest of the Plays do no less abound with his Errors than this, which is full of 'em. though I send you here but some few:

ACT I. Sc. I.

Like to a Step-Dame, or a Dowager, Long withering out a young Man's Revenue.

THE last Line, Mr. W. says, is certainly not good English;—to me it appears a fine Expression.—The Debts the young Man is obliged to contract,

Timber

Timber fell'd, and Lands impoverish'd, (the common Fate of jointur'd Estates) are all express'd by it: These and other Difficulties a young Man under such Circumstances has to struggle with, may very properly be said to wither out his Revenue, — long wintering on contains neither so many, so just, nor such poetical Ideas.

W— Edit. p. 95.

——As a Form in Wax

By him imprinted, and within his

Power

To leave the Figure, or disfigure it.

This feems to me very good Sense, and naturally expressed: Your Father has absolute Power over your Life; as he gave it you, he can either leave you the Possession of it, or take it from you: The Simile of the Form in Wax is apposite to this; but not content with plain English, Mr. W. wou'd engraft a French Word upon our Author, leve, which by no Means

Means answers so naturally, and is little better than Tautology; for the Impression of a Seal on Wax gives the Relief, and once given it is not heighten'd or relieved farther: A Seal-Cutter may heighten the Relief on a Seal, but not the Impression on the Wax, when it is once made.—

Mr. W's Reading therefore is no more than this:

You are but as a Form of Wax
By him imprinted, and within his Power
Timprint the Figure, or disfigure it.

ACT II. Sc. 1.
The human Mortals want their Winter bere.

Mr. W. reads, beryd; an old obsolete Word, used, as he says, by Chaucer and Spencer, for praised or celebrated; but this is a Reason rather why Shakespear B wou'd

wou'd not have made use of the Word; for he by no Means affects an obsolete Stile; and it wou'd be a Fault in a Dramatick Poet to do it : Spencer, indeed, professedly adopted almost all Chaucer's Language, and it was proper to his Subjects; it gave an Air of Antiquity to his Allegories, and of Rusticity to his Pastorals: Now these few which Shakespear makes Use of, are almost all to be found in Fletcher, Johnson, and the rest of the Drammatick Poets of his Age: Chaucer, therefore, Spencer, and Mandevil, are not fufficient Authority for the Infertion of any Word into the Text of Shakespear; much less is Skinner, or any of the Gloffarists; unless Mr. W ___ can prove the Use of the Word by any of his Contemporaries, among which Spencer, as was observed, is not to be included: And if this be admitted to be a good Rule, it would cut off at least one Fourth of all Mr. W---'s Emendations: for he feems to have a more than ordinary Fondness for Obsoleteness. But there

there is a particular, besides this general Objection, to the Word heryd; it gives the very same Idea with the following Line,

No Night is now with Hymn or Carol blest —

for to bery is to celebrate with Praise; so that what Mr. W --- brings as a Proof is really a Disproof of his Conjecture: For, there is scarce any Writer in the World so careful of avoiding Tautology as Shakehear. The Place is allowed to be corrupt; but furely, the Emendation inferted in the Oxford Edition -Want their Winter's Cheer --- is fo easy, so close to the Letter, and gives a Senle so consonant to the Context, that no Man less given to Contradiction than Mr. W ____, would be inclined to difallow of it. It is something particular here, that Mr. W ____, who is so fond of exposing, when he can, all the Conjectures in the Oxford Edition, should omit purposely any Mention of this; and seems to be

be a greater Argument of his Modesty than his Ingenuity. The next Alteration is passed over in the same Manner, that his own may stand unrival'd:

The Spring, the Summer,
The chiding Autumn, angry Winter,
change

Their wonted Liveries, and th'amaz'd World

By their Increase now knows not which is which.

Let any unprejudic'd Person, weighing the Sense of this Passage, say, whether Inverse, which the Oxford Edition makes it, is not to be preferr'd to Mr. W——'s Inchase? Indeed, if Uncommoness and Stiffness are Arguments for either, Mr. W——, it must be confessed, is in the right.

Again, Mr. W——, in Page 136, paffes over a Conjecture of the Oxford Editor, fearing, I suppose, it might strike the impartial Reader in Preference to his own—

Can

Can you not hate me, as I know you do,

But you must join in Souls to mock me

The Oxford Edition alters it to, in Flouts.

Mr. W — to Infolents.

Pag. 148.

So doth the Woodbine, the fweet Honeyfuckle

Gently entwist, the female Joy so Enrings the barky Fingers of the Elm.

Here we have a Word foisted in, and another removed by Mr. W—, without Necessity or Authority: He will have it,

Gently Entwist the Maple, throwing out the Word Female; whereas, if we will but take the Honeysuckle for the Flower, and the Woodbine for the Stalk or Tree, which may be done without any great Violence, the Sense is very easy and intelligible,

ble, making Honeysuckie the Nominative Case; or, as it is pointed in the Oxford Edition, making Woodbine and Honeysuckle a Repetition only of the same Thing. I can see no Sort of Reason for any Alteration at all; for I do not know whether the Repetition here is not rather a Beauty than to be condemned as Tautology: I am sure, excludeng the Epithet Female, the prettiest and most poetical Word in the Sentence, and introducing the flat unauthorized Word Maple in its stead, is making bad, granting it to be so already much worse.

P. 150.

Merry and tragical? tedious and brief?

That is hot Ice, and wond'rous frange
Snow.

Licro we have a

The Oxford Edition has it, wond'rous forching Snow. Mr. W—a wond'rous frange Shew!—Let the candid and impartial Reader judge which is preferable; the former preserves the poetick Spirit, Au-

Antithesis, and Measures, the latter, in my humble Conceit, not one of them all.—And such, Sir, are most of Mr. W——'s Alterations, which any Man, who will give himself the Trouble of examining them, will soon discover, and, I dare venture to promise, as certainly condemn.

I am,

Your humble Servant.



Anciel, figured, the latter, in my Lieur I. Lonceit, not one of them all. WARE FOLD, Ell., Elle mont of Mc. W. Also old the Also with the war will give the the the descriptions of exhaust there, all then discourt end, I due Neglace possif, as cornially eguplemen.